ESTABLISHING THE SECONDARY DEPENDENCY OF AN ADULT FAMILY MEMBER

Family members incapable of self-support who become incapacitated after the age of 21 can remain in the Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System and receive continued military benefits and privileges.

Secondary dependents

Secondary, or nonprimary, dependents can include:

- Parent, parent-in-law, stepparent, parent by adoption or 'in-loco parentis' (in the place of a parent)
- Unmarried children ages 21 and 22 who are enrolled in an accredited institution of higher education on a full-time basis.
- Ward of the court, unmarried and placed in the permanent legal physical custody of the member
- Unmarried child over age 21 incapable of selfsupport because of a mental or physical incapacity that occurred while the child was considered a dependent

Qualifications

To qualify as a secondary dependent:

- The individual's income, not including service member contribution, must be less than one-half of the actual living expenses.
- The individual must be 'in fact' dependent on the service member.
- The service member's contribution must be more than one-half of the dependent's actual monthly living expenses.
- The service member must provide documentation of the dependent's living expenses and the service member's contribution.



Quick tips

- Be sure to review instructions and required documents for Army, Marine Corps, Navy, Air Force and secondary dependency applications.
- Send your initial application or redetermination package to the correct Defense Finance Accounting Service office.

For more information

- Get answers about secondary dependency from your personnel or finance office.
- Find program details, service instructions and more at the Defense Finance and Accounting Service, <u>www.dfas.mil/militarymembers/</u> SecondaryDependency/SDC.html.



